

Growing Together Federation

Bowerdean Nursery School

Henry Allen Nursery School

Mapledean Nursery School

SUPPORTING PUPILS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

POLICY FOR SUPPORTING PUPILS WITH MEDICAL NEEDS

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Roles and responsibilities
- 3 Staff training and support
- 4 Individual healthcare plans
- 5 Child's role in managing their own medical needs
- 6 Managing medicines on school premises
- 7 Record keeping
- 8 Safe storage
- 9 Disposal of Medicines
- 10 Hygiene and Infection Control
- 11 Day trips, residential visits and sporting activities
- 12 School's Arrangements for Common Conditions
- 13 Liability and indemnity
- 14 Complaints
- 15 Suggested Procedures for Administering Medicines

1 INTRODUCTION

- The Governing Body of Growing Together Federation will ensure that all children with medical conditions, in terms of both physical and mental health, are properly supported in school so that they can play a full and active role in school life. To help achieve this, the school has adopted the Department for Education policy on “Supporting Pupils at School with Medical Conditions”, which was issued under Section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014.
- The aim of this policy is to ensure that the parents of children with medical conditions feel confident that the school will provide effective support and that children feel safe and reach their full potential.
- Some children with medical conditions may be considered to be disabled under the definition set out in the Equality Act 2010. The school will comply with their duties under the Act to make reasonable adjustments to support pupils with disabilities.
- Some children with medical conditions may also have special educational needs (SEN) and may have an Education, Health and Care (EHC) Plan which brings together health and social care needs as well as the provision for their special educational needs. Where the child has a special educational need identified in a statement or EHC plan, the individual healthcare plan will be linked to or become part of that statement or EHC plan. The Healthcare Plan will be developed with the child’s best interests in mind to ensure that the risks to the child’s education, health and social wellbeing are managed, and minimises disruption, for children with medical conditions.
- Supporting a child with a medical condition during school hours is not the sole responsibility of one person. The school will work collaboratively with parents, pupils, healthcare professionals (and, where appropriate, social care professionals) and local authorities to ensure that needs of pupils with medical conditions are met effectively.

2 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

2.1 The **Governing Body** for Growing Together Federation will ensure that

- arrangements are in place so that children with medical conditions
 - are properly supported
 - can play a full and active role in school life

- can remain healthy and achieve their academic potential
- staff are properly trained to provide the support that pupils need
- in line with their safeguarding duties, ensure that pupil's health is not put at unnecessary risk from, e.g. infectious diseases
- in those circumstances, they do not have to accept a pupil at time where it would be detrimental to the health of that child or others to do so.

2.2 The **Headteachers** will ensure that

- a person is appointed to have overall responsibility for the implementation of this policy
- all staff are aware of the policy for supporting pupils with medical conditions and understand their role in its implementation
- all staff including supply staff who support children with medical needs receive sufficient information to provide appropriate support
- individual Healthcare Plans are developed, monitored and reviewed annually or earlier if evidence is presented that the child's needs have changed. Where appropriate Healthcare Plans will be reviewed at the child's Annual Review
- sufficient staff are suitably trained and achieve the necessary level of competency before they take on responsibility to support children with medical conditions
- sufficient numbers of trained staff are available to support all individual healthcare plans to cover staff absence, contingency and emergency situations
- a register of children in the school is kept who have been diagnosed with asthma and/or prescribed a reliever inhaler
- all staff are trained to recognise the symptoms of an asthma attack (and are able to distinguish them from other conditions with similar symptoms);
- at least one emergency inhaler kit is maintained and readily available in an emergency situation;
- a register of children in the school is kept who have been diagnosed with anaphylaxis and/or prescribed a epi pen/auto injector
- all staff are trained to recognise the symptoms of anaphylaxis

- risk assessments for school visits and other school activities outside of the normal timetable are undertaken for children with medical conditions
- all staff are aware that medical information must be treated confidentially
- school staff are appropriately insured and are aware that they are insured to support pupils in this way.

2.3 Appointed Person

The Headteacher has been appointed to have overall responsibility for implementing the school's policy for supporting pupils with medical conditions. They will ensure that children with medical conditions are appropriately supported, ensure cover for 1:1 in case of absence and briefing supply staff.

2.4 Transitional Arrangements

Growing together Federation will pass any relevant medical information on to a child's next school.

2.5 All members of **School Staff** may be asked to provide support to pupils with medical conditions, including administering medicines

- All members of staff should know what to do and respond accordingly if they become aware that a pupil with a medical condition needs help
- Although administering medicine is not part of teacher's professional duties, teachers should take into account the needs of pupils with medical conditions that they teach.
- Staff must not give prescription medication or undertake healthcare procedures without appropriate training

2.6 **Parents** have the prime responsibility for their child's health. Parents include any person who is not a parent of a child but has parental responsibility for or care of a child.

- It only requires one parent to request that medicines are administered. As a matter of practicality, this will be the parent with whom the school has day-to-day contact.
- Parents should provide the school with sufficient and up to date information about their child's medical needs. Parents should tell the school of any change in prescription which should be supported by either new directions on the packaging of medication or by a supporting letter from a medical professional.

- Parents are key partners and will be involved in the development and review of the Healthcare Plan for their child.
- Parents should provide medicines and equipment as required by the Healthcare Plan.

Parents should:

- bring their child's medication and any equipment into school at the beginning of the school year
- replace the medication before the expiry date
- as good practice, take into school the new asthma reliever inhaler when prescribed
- dispose of expired items to a pharmacy for safe disposal
- during periods of high pollen count, encourage their children, who have been prescribed anti-histamines, to take their medication before school so that their condition can be better controlled during the school day
- keep their children at home when they are acutely unwell
- Parents should ensure that they or another nominated adult are contactable at all times

3 STAFF TRAINING AND SUPPORT

- The Headteacher will ensure that all staff are aware of the school's policy for supporting pupils with medical conditions and their role in implementing the policy.
- Any member of staff who agrees to accept responsibility for administering prescribed medicines to a child does so voluntarily and will have appropriate training and guidance.
- Training needs will be identified during the development or review of individual healthcare plans and will be reviewed annually. The family of a child will often be key in providing relevant information to school staff about how their child's needs can be met, and parents will be asked for their views but will not be the sole trainer.
- Training will be provided for staff to ensure that they are competent and have confidence in their ability to support pupils with medical conditions, and to fulfil the requirements as set out in individual healthcare plans. Training for new staff will be provided on induction;
- Training will be provided by an appropriate healthcare professional so that staff have an understanding of the specific medical conditions they are being asked

to deal with, their implications and preventative and emergency measures so that they can recognise and act quickly if a problem occurs.

- Only staff with appropriate training will give prescription medicines or undertake healthcare procedures. (A first-aid certificate does not constitute appropriate training in supporting children with medical conditions).
- The school will ensure that an appropriate number of people have attended Supporting Pupils at School with Medical Conditions training to understand County policy and to ensure medicines are appropriately managed within the school. BCC recommend training at least three people to cover sickness, absence or school trips.

4 INDIVIDUAL HEALTHCARE PLANS

A Healthcare Plan clarifies for staff, parents and the pupil the support that can be provided. Individual Healthcare Plans for pupils with medical conditions, (e.g. asthma, anaphylaxis, diabetes, epilepsy) will be drafted with parents/pupils and other healthcare professionals where appropriate. The plan will include:

- the medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments
- the pupil's resulting needs, including medication (dose, side effects and storage) and other treatments, time, facilities, equipment, testing, access to food and drink where this is used to manage their condition, dietary requirements and environmental issues.
- who will provide this support, their training needs, expectations of their role and confirmation of proficiency to provide support for the pupil's medical condition from a healthcare professional; and cover arrangements for when they are unavailable
- who in the school needs to be aware of the pupil's condition and the support required
- arrangements for written permission from parents and the Headteacher for medication to be administered by a member of staff
- separate arrangements or procedures required for school trips or other school activities outside of the normal school timetable that will ensure the pupil can participate, e.g. risk assessments
- where confidentiality issues are raised by the parent, the designated individuals to be entrusted with information about the child's condition; and
- what to do in an emergency, including whom to contact, and contingency arrangements.

Healthcare Plans will be reviewed at least annually but some may need to be reviewed more frequently. Where appropriate the Healthcare Plan will be reviewed at the pupil's Annual Review.

5 MANAGING MEDICINES ON SCHOOL PREMISES

Pupils will only be given prescription or non-prescription medicines after parents have completed a consent form.

When no longer required, medicines will be returned to the parent to arrange for safe disposal. Sharps boxes will be used for the disposal of needles and other sharps.

Medicine brought into school must be given to the School Secretary.

5.1 Prescribed medication the school will only accept prescribed medicines that are in-date, labelled, provided in the original container as dispensed by a pharmacist and include instructions for administration, dosage and storage. The exception to this is insulin which must still be in date, but will be available inside an insulin pen or a pump, rather than in its original container

- Parents should note the expiry date so that they can provide a new prescription as and when required.
- Medicines will only be administered at school when it would be detrimental to a child's health or school attendance not to do so.
- Where clinically possible, medicines should be prescribed in dose frequencies which enable them to be taken outside school hours.

Short-Term Medical Needs

Many children will need to take medicines during the day at some time during their time in the school. This will usually be for a short period only, perhaps to finish a course of antibiotics, which will minimise the time that they need to be absent.

Antibiotics prescribed three times a day can be taken out of the school day. The school will support children who have been prescribed antibiotics that need to be taken **four** times day.

It is the parent's responsibility to bring and collect the antibiotic each day and to complete the necessary forms prior to medicine being administered. All medicines must be signed in and out by a parent.

5.2 Non-prescription Medication

Primary Schools

Non-prescription medication will not be given.

The school will not keep Calpol or hay fever remedies to administer on an ad-hoc basis during the school day. Parents will be contacted if their child has a fever. If pupils require medication to control hay fever symptoms then parents will be asked to take their children to their GP for a formal diagnosis and advice on appropriate medication.

Parents will be asked to sign a consent form confirming that the medicine has been administered without adverse effect to the child in the past and that they will inform the school immediately if this changes.

6 RECORD KEEPING

The school will keep a record of all medicines administered to individual pupils, how and how much was administered, when and by whom in a **bound book**. Any side effects of the medication to be administered at school will be noted.

- A second person will witness the administration of all medicines.

7 SAFE STORAGE OF MEDICINES

- Medicines will be stored strictly in accordance with product instructions - paying particular note to temperature and in the original container in which dispensed.
- Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenaline pens are always readily available and not locked away.
- A few medicines require refrigeration. They will be kept in a clean storage container, clearly labelled, and stored in the Staff Room. A temperature log of the refrigerator will be taken during the period of storage. (recommended temperature is between 2C & 8C)
- Medication will never be prepared ahead of time and left ready for staff to administer.
- An audit of pupil's medication will be undertaken every term disposing of any medication that is no longer required.
- It is the parent's responsibility to ensure their child's medication remains in date. The school will remind parents when their child's medication is due to expire.
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8 DISPOSAL OF MEDICINES

- Parents are responsible for ensuring that date-expired medicines are returned to a pharmacy for safe disposal. The return of such medicines to parents will be recorded;
- Parents should also collect medicines held at the end of the summer term. If parents do not collect all medicines, they will be taken to a local pharmacy for safe disposal;
- Sharp boxes will always be used for the disposal of needles.

9 HYGIENE AND INFECTION CONTROL

All staff should be familiar with normal precautions for avoiding infection and follow basic hygiene procedures.

8 STEP HAND WASHING TECHNIQUES



10 DAY VISITS AND SPORTING ACTIVITIES

- The school will actively support pupils with medical conditions to participate in school trips and visits or in sporting activities;

- The school will make reasonable adjustments for the inclusion of pupils in such activities;
- Some children may need to take precautionary measures before or during exercise, and may need access, for example, to asthma inhalers. Staff supervising sporting activities will be made aware of relevant medical conditions, and will consider the need for a risk assessment to be made.
- The school will consider the reasonable adjustments that can be made to enable pupils with medical needs to participate fully and safely in visits. These arrangements will be included in the risk assessment for the event.
- One member of staff accompanying the visit will be asked to take on the lead role for administering medicines or healthcare procedures. Individual Healthcare Plans, medicines, equipment and consent forms will be taken on school visits.
- Medicines are administered and witnessed and recorded. This form is added to the file on return from the visit.

11 SCHOOL'S ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMMON CONDITIONS

11.1 Asthma

- An inventory of all pupils with asthma will be compiled
- A School Asthma Card will be completed by parents for their child, and a copy of this will be kept with the inhaler and on the staff noticeboard.
- Individual Healthcare Plan will be developed
- All staff will be trained at least every three years to recognise the symptoms of an asthma attack and know how to respond in an emergency.
- Asthma inhalers are stored in individual containers in the staff room. Each container has a photograph and name of the individual child.
- An Emergency salbutamol inhalers and spacers is kept in the same place.
- Emergency salbutamol inhalers will only be given to pupils previously diagnosed with asthma whose reliever inhaler is not in school or whose inhaler has run out, who are on the register and whose parents have signed the consent form
- All staff will know how and when to use the emergency salbutamol inhaler
- Parents will be informed of any emergency dosages given, using the bound register.

11.2 Anaphylaxis (Severe Allergic Reaction)

- An inventory of all pupils with anaphylaxis will be compiled

- All staff will be trained at least every three years on the symptoms of anaphylaxis, and how to respond in an emergency.
- An Individual Healthcare Plan will be developed which includes the arrangements the school will make to control exposure to allergens
- Auto-injectors will be kept readily available in the box in the staff room, above the pigeon holes.
- All staff will know how and when to use the Emergency Adrenaline Auto Injector (AAI)
- Parents will be informed of any emergency dosages given in the bound register.

11.3 Epilepsy

- An Individual Healthcare Plan will be developed
- A appropriate number of staff will be trained in identifying the symptoms and triggers for epilepsy, including administering medication
- There will be a trained member of staff available **at all times** to deliver emergency medication. Details will be recorded on the pupil's Healthcare Plan
- A quiet area will be made available so that if needed the pupil will be able to rest following a seizure, in a safe supervised place
- The school will enable students to take a full part in all outings and activities
- The school will liaise fully with parents and health professionals
- If appropriate, a record will be kept of the pupil's seizures, using the appropriate form, so that any changes to seizure patterns can be identified so that this information can be shared with the pupil's parents and healthcare team.

11.4 Diabetes

- An Individual Healthcare Plan will be developed;
- Pupils diagnosed with Type 1 diabetes and have been prescribed insulin will be supported by staff who have specifically agreed to this responsibility and have received training and support from the Diabetic Nurses Team.
- A suitable private place will be provided for pupils to carry out blood tests and administer doses, e.g. staff room;
- Pupils will not be prevented from eating drinking or taking toilet breaks whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively.

- If a pupil has a hypo, they will not be left alone; a fast acting sugar, such as glucose tablets, a glucose rich gel, or a sugary drink will be given immediately.
- Once the pupil has recovered, slower acting starchy food, such as a sandwich or two biscuits and a glass of milk, will be given, some 10-15 minutes later.

12 LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY

The Governing Body will ensure that the appropriate level of insurance is in place for staff providing support to pupils with medical conditions and appropriately reflects the level of risk.

The school will contact their insurers to extend their cover should a medical intervention fall outside the conditions covered by this policy.

13 COMPLAINTS

Parents/pupils should discuss any concerns directly with the school if they become dissatisfied with the support provided. If for whatever reason this does not resolve the issue, they may make a formal complaint via the school's complaints procedure.

14 SCHOOL PROCEDURES FOR MANAGING MEDICINES

We expect parents/carers to administer medication to their children at home. No medication will be administered without prior written permission from the parents/carers including written medical authority if the medicine needs to be altered.

In exceptional circumstances:

- 1 Medicines should be brought to the school office by parents/carers. The designated member of staff will ask the parent to sign the relevant consent form.
- 2 The designated person will check that the
 - medicine is in its original container as dispensed by a chemist and details match those on the form;
 - label clearly states the child's
 - first and last name
 - name of medicine
 - dose required
 - method of administration
 - time/frequency of administration
 - patient information leaflet is present to identify any side effects;
 - medication is in date

- 3 The designated person will log the medicine in the record book and store the medicine appropriately
 - Medicines requiring refrigeration will be kept in the fridge in a clean storage container
 - A daily temperature of the fridge will be taken and recorded.
- 4 The designated person will administer medication at the appropriate time.
- 5 The following procedure will be followed:
 - The pupil will be asked to state their name – this is checked against the label on the bottle, authorisation form and record sheet.
 - The name of the medicine will be checked against the authorisation form and record sheet.
 - The time, dosage and method of administration will be checked against the authorisation form and record sheet.
 - The expiry date will be checked and read out.
 - The medicine is administered.
 - The record sheet is signed by the designated person and witnessed by another member of staff.
 - Any possible side effects will be noted.
 - The medicine is returned to appropriate storage.
- 6 If a child refuses to take their medicine, staff will not force them to do so. Staff will record the incident and follow agreed procedures (which are set out in the pupil's Healthcare Plan) and contact parents. If a refusal results in an emergency, the emergency procedures detailed in the Healthcare Plan will be followed.
- 7 If the designated person has concerns about a procedure or a medication that they are being asked to administer they will not administer the medicine, but check with the parents or a health professional before taking further action.
- 8 At the end of the day parents of pupil's prescribed antibiotic medication (four doses a day) should collect their child's medicine from the school office and sign it out.